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IN SEVEN VOLUMES.

The FOURTH EDITION, carefully Corrected, and continued to the present Time.

VOL. IV

LONDON:

Printed for H. Woodfall, J. Beecroft, W. Strahan, J. Rivington, W. Sandby, J. Fuller, R. Baldwin, L. Hawes, W. Clarke and R. Collins, R. Horsfield, W. Johnston, T. Caslon, S. Crowder, T. Longman, C. Rivington, W. Griffin, M. and J. Shuckburgh, W. Nicoll, S. Bladon, M. Folingsby, T. Payne, J. Robson, T. Davies, R. Davis, J. Almon, and H. Gardner.

PEERAGE

O F

ENGLAND.

D'ARCY, Earl of Holdernesse.

S such, who served the Conqueror in his victorious expedition, were rewarded with lands and possessions; it is highly probable, that Norman de Arecy (as then wrote) the ancestor of the present Earl of Holdernesse, was in the battle of Hastings, Oct. 14, 1066, whereby William Duke of Normandy obtained this kingdom: For the name a occurs in the roll of Battel-abbey, and in the list of those who landed with that monarch. And at the time of the general survey, be the said Norman de Arecy held no less than thirty-three lordships in Lincolnshire, by the immediate gift of the Conqueror, of which Noctone was one, where he and his descendants had their chief seat for divers generations.

This Norman, in 6 William Rufus, being with the King then dangerously ill at Gloucester, when those about him, thinking his case desperate, advis'd a council to be call'd; and the King, repenting him of his sins, promised, if he recovered, to mend his life. Thereupon, as an instance of his contrition, he d confirmed to the monks of St. Mary's-abbey, at York, their possessions; to which this Norman de Areci (as he then wrote his name) subscribed as one of the witnesses, and gave at that time to the said abbey three carucates of lands in Brunnum. He was also a switness to the grant made by Billcheld,

a Ex tab. olim in abb. de bello. Hollinshed, p. 4. b Lib. doomsd. in Com'
Linc. in seacc. regis. c Hollinsh. p. 20. d Mon. Angl. tom. 1, p. 386.
e lbidem. p. 387. f Ibid, p. 201.
Vol. IV. B wife

wife of Baldrick of Pecfortun (now Pickton) in Cheshire, to the convent of St. Werberg in Chester.

Robert de Areci (as the name was also then wrote) his son and heir, gave to the religious at ^g Santost in Com' Lincoln (a cell to St. Mary's-abbey) the churches of Nocton and Duneston, as also two parts of the tythes of Fisceburre, and sounded a ^h priory for canons regular of the order of St. Augustine, at Nokton before-mentioned, giving them the site of the said convent, a messuage, and a carucate of land in Nokton. He gave also to the monks of ¹ Kirkestede in Lincolnshire, certain lands in Duneston and Nockston aforesaid, extending from the great road westward, which leadeth through Mere to Scapewiche; and left issue ^k Thomas his son and heir, also ¹ Robert a younger son.

Which Thomas, anno 1163 (9 Hen. II.) confirm'd that meant made by his father to the monks of Kirkstede: and being wrote Thomas de Arcy, son of Robert de Arcy, confirm'd the meant gifts, of his father and grandfather, to the abbey of St. Mary, York. And on assessment of the aid, for marrying Maud the king's eldest daughter, in 12 Hen. II. it was certified, that he held twenty Knights sees, according to the old acception, with half a Knight's see, and a sourth part, according to the new; for which, anno 14 Hen. II. he paid?

thirteen pounds, fix shillings and eight-pence.

He became a peculiar benefactor to the canons of Nocton afore-mentioned, for having (as it feems) by some composition with the abbot and convent of St. Mary, York, regained the churches of Nocton, and Duneston, bestowed on them by his father (as hath been before observ'd) he q granted them to that religious house, with the church of r Cankewell (now Cawkwell in that county) and certain lands, meadows, and woods in and near Nocton, particularly abutted and bounded. He died on July 15, the feast of St. Swithin, 1181, 27 Hen. II. (as appeareth by the s presentment made before the justices in eyre, 32 Hen. II.) leaving Thomas his son and heir, then 18 years of age; whereupon William Basset (then sheriff of Lincolnshire) seized his whole barony for the King's use, and committed it, with the whole stock thereon, to Michael d'Arcie. After which Alice his widow, daughter of Ralph Lord D'eincourt, of Granby, in Nottinghamshire, r sounder

N. LOWER SHAW

g Ibidem, p. 405. h Ibid. tom. 2. p. 211. i Ibid. tom. i. p. 309. k Ibid. tom. i. p. 405. l Ibid. p. 406. m Ibid. p. 809. n Ibid. p. 405. o Lib. rub. in facc. titl. Linc. p Rot. pip. anno 14 Hen. II. Linc. q Mon. Angl. tom. 2. p. 211. r Ibid. s t u Rot. de dominab. pueris & puellis penes remem. reg. in facc. fub. tit. Linc. x Thoreft. by's antiq. of Leeds, p. 226. y Jekyl's baron. extinct. mf. f. 71. b.

of Thurgarton convent, obtain'd the 2 possession thereof, with the custody of her children; for which she paid, as a fine, two

hundred pounds.

This Thomas had a also two younger sons, and sour daughters, one of which, while he was living, was b married to de Munbegon, and two other (at the time of the asore-said presentment) were emarriageable, and the youngest but eight years of age; being descended of Barons, saith the record; and that he held twenty Knights sees of the King, and of the see of William de Perci.

His eldest son, Thomas, was with King Richard I. in that expedition into Normandy, A. D. 1195, the 6th of his reign, when the EKing went to raise the fiege of Verneuil, which he effected the night before Whitsunday, and torced the enemy to depart. In 1204, 5 John, he was retain'd to ferve the King in his wars in Normandy against the French, who had taken the towns of Couches, le Val de Raeil, and Lisse-Dandele (the second being surrendered without any great opposition by two noblemen, who had the charge of them, viz. Robert Fitz-Walter, and Saier de Quincie) with three Knights, for one whole year, beginning on Wednesday before Midsummer-day; in consideration whereof the King temitted him a debt of two hundred twenty-five marks which he then owed to the Jews; but besides this retainer he was to perform the like fervice for his barony, as others did.

To him succeded Norman de Areci his son and heir, who in 7 John, paying 500 marks, with six palsies, and one horse for the great saddle, and doing his homage, had livery for all the lands descended to him by the death of his sather. In 13 John, he had a special discharge from his scutage, due

upon the expedition made that year into Scotland.

In 15 John, Robert d'Arci Pattended the King on that expedition against the French into Poictou; but whether he was

uncle or brother to this Norman, does not appear.

The faid Norman being one of the Barons in the rebellion against King John, in the 17th year of his reign, had his lands a seized by I John le Mareschall, a Baron, sheriff of Lincolnshire, and marshal of Ireland, and by the King's command they were a disposed of to Peter de Warcop. But in 1216, I Hen. III. he had livery of them again, the King and his Ba-

z Rot. pip. anno 28 Hen. II. a b c d Rot. de dominab. pueris & puellis e Rot. pip. anno 6 Rich. I. Linc. ut fupra. f Hollinih, p. 144. h Hollinshed, p. 166. ik Oblat, anno g Oblat. anno 5 John. Im n Rot. fin. anno 7 Joh. m. 7. o Rot. pip. anno 13 Joh. q Rot. clauf. anno 17. p Rot. clauf. anno 15 Joh. d. m. r. s Rot. clauf. anno 17 Joh. m. 10. r Fuller's worthies in Linc. Joh. m. re.

rons coming to a peaceable accord, by the industry and good council of 'William Marshall, Earl of Pembroke, who, to win the good will of the subjects to the young King (to whom he was governor) offered pardon to all those Barons who should take part with the King. And this Norman embracing the opportunity, and giving good "pledges for his future fidelity, had his lands "restored to him; as had also the before mentioned Robert Darci his "lands in Hantshire.

In 3 Hen. III. the said Norman gave 2 to the King a sore-goshawke of Norway, to have a market at his lordship of Noctone; and in 1245, 29 Hen. III. 2 answered twenty pounds (for the Knights sees he held) on an affessment of the aid for marrying Margaret, the King's eldest daughter, to Alexander III. King of Scotland, whose marriage was celebrated on Dec. 26, 1251, at York; as also 401. anno 38 Hen. III. on b collection of the aid for making Prince Edward, the King's eldest son, a Knight. In which year the King, in regard to his great age and insignities, granted the custody of his lands, so long as he should live, unto Philip d'Arci his son and heir.

Which Philip, adhering to the interest of the crown in those turbulent times, about the latter end of King John's reign, had, anno I Hen. III. a c grant of the lands of Robert le Cam-

berleng, or Chamberlayne.

After which I find no mention of him till 27 Hen. III. in which year he had an affignation d of 23l. 13s. then in arrear to those foldiers who served under his command in the wars of France; and of 20 marks due to himself.

In 34 Hen. III. he is faid to have been the accuser of Sir Henry de Bath, Knt. one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, for his unfaithfulness and corruption in point of judicature.

In 37 Hen. III. the King. on displeasure 8 conceived against Henry Plantagenet Duke of Lancaster, Earl of Leicester, lord high steward of England, oblig'd him to resign the office of warden of Gascony, for that the Gascoigners had charged him with too much severity. And they continuing in rebellion, the King went over, and this Philip de Arci being ready to attend him according to the service he owed, having h information, that his father designed to alienate certain lands, which were part of his inheritance, and complaining thereof to the King; he obtained a precept to the issueries, commanding him not to admit any one to enter on them during his continuance

u x Rot. clauf, anno 1 Hen. III. m. 10. t Hollinshed, p. 197. z Rot. pip. anno 3 Hen. III. Linc. a Ibid. anno 29 Hen. III. m, 19. b Rot. pip. anno 38 Hen III Linc. c Rot. clauf. r Hen. III. Linc. e Mat. Paris, in ann. 1250. d Vascon. 27 Hen. III. m. 5. m. 15. f Dug. orig. jurifd. in chron. feries. g Hollinshed, p. 811. n. 40. h Clauf, 37 Hen, III. m. 10. i Ibid. P. 247.

in that service. And the King also sent his commands to the Queen and Richard Earl of Cornwal, that so long as he should

continue beyond the feas, he should not be sued.

In 38 Hen. III. being in the 1 camp with the King at Lupiel in Gascoigne, he was made governor of the castle at Millans, and captain of those forces then remaining there. And the mext year, having contracted great debts by his large expences in the King's service beyond the seas, he procured certain letters n hortatory to all his tenants by military service, and other; earnestly moving them to grant him such reasonable aid, towards easing him of that burthen, as that they might be worthy of the King's thanks for the same. And paying in that year his relief, ohad livery of his lands.

In 1260, 44 Hen. III. he was p summoned to be at Shrewsbury on Sept. 8, the nativity of the Virgin Mary, with horse and arms, ready to march against Llewellin, and the Welsh his accomplices; and q died, anno 48 Hen. III. leaving issue by stabel his wife, second daughter of Ralph de Bertram, Baron of Mitsord (and sister and one of the coheirs of Roger de Bertram, who died anno 4 Ed. II.) four sons, viz. 1. Norman, 2. Sir

Thomas. 3. Roger, and 4. Ralph.

Which Norman, at the decease of his father, was \$ 28 years of age and more; and doing his thomage, and giving security for the payment of his relief as a baron, had livery of his lands. Nevertheless, the next year, 1265, being among the rebellious Lords, who were vanquished in the battle fought at "Evesham in Com' Worc. August 6, his x lands were seized

by the King.

Roger y, the third brother of the said Norman, and Thomas their wuncle, were also engaged in that a rebellion; but there being a peaceable composure afterwards betwixt the King and the transgressors (by that memorable decree call'd dictum de Kenilworth) both this Norman, his brother Roger, and uncle b Thomas (taken prisoner at the siege of Northampton, in 48 Hen. III.) were in 51 Hen. III. admitted to c favour, John de Burgh of Kent, Adam de Newmarch of Yorkshire, and Robert de Ussor Norsolk (all Barons) being sureties for their future loyalty and quiet demeanor.

In 1277, 5 Edw. I the d King fignifies that Llewellin Prince of Wales had rebelled, and therefore fent his mandate to this

¹ Rot. vasc. 38 Hen. III. m. 20. m n Pat. 39 Hen. III. m. 1. o Rot. pp. 39 Hen. III. Linc. p Reymer, tom. 1. p. 707. q Esc. 48 Hen. III. n. 15. Linc. r Jekyl's baron, extinct, præd. p. 62. b. s Esc. 48 Hen. III. n. 15. Linc. t Rot. fin. 48 Hen. III. m. 2. u Hollinsh. p. 270. x Esc. 50 Hen. III. n. 3. y z a Rot. pat. 51 Hen. III. m. 14. b MS. in bodl. Oxon. 8 V. 8. th. f. 138. b. c Rot. pat. 51 Hen. III. m. 14. d Rymer, tom. 2. p. 74.

Norman Darcy, to be at Worcester in the octaves of St. John Eaptist next, with horse and arms, and his whole service, to go against him. In 9 Edw. I. John de Vaux, William de Saham, and others, being appointed justices in eyre for the county of Lincoln, they summon'd this Norman to shew by f what authority he held his lands in Nocton, Doneston, and elsewhere, in Lincolnshire, and what services and privileges he claim'd in that county: Whereunto he reply'd, that he held his lands in chief of the King, by the service of two Knights fees only, or of one Knight and two Esquires, in the King's army for forty days, at his own charges; and that he claim'd in Nocton, and Doneston, free warren, gallows, and infangthef, with a market at Nocton upon the Tuesday, and affize of bread and beer, and a fair upon the eve and feaft day of St. Mary Magdalen; and that he claim'd free warren and a gallows in Conyngsby; and in his manor of Stalinburgh, wreck of fea, weyth, and gallows.

In 1282, 10 Edw. I. the Welsh having taken Roger Clifford, sen. and imprisoned him, and kill'd and taken several of the King's subjects, he had sorders to be at Worcester on the day of Pentecost, with horse and arms, ready, if occasion requir'd, to march against them. And another mandate, dated at Hertelbyrough, May 24, the same year, was h sent to him to be at Rothelan on Sunday, the morrow after Aug. 1, to go against the Welsh. Also on June 28, 10 Edw. I. the King, at Rotheland, i gave him notice in what manner the Welsh had taken up arms, killed his nobles, and other subjects, both men, women, and children, and of having David, the last of the race, in custody; and therefore desires to consult with him and others, as to the disposal of him, requiring him to be at Shrewsbury on the mor-

vice did he perform for the King, in the expedition then made into Wales against Prince Llewellin (who had committed great hostilities in those parts about the mountains of Snowdone, and m in Montgomeryshire) that in recompence thereof he had an affignation n of 50 l. per ann. for five years to come; and also a discharge of root. due at the exchequer for his relief. In 22 Edw. I. p he was summoned to attend the King immediately, and to give his opinion in those great and difficult points relating to a war with France: the French in that year

In the II Edw. I. so well did he behave, and such great k ser-

e Dug, orig. in chron. ser. f Plac. de quo warrant. in octab. trin. ann. 9 Edw. I. Rot. 13 d. g Rymer, tom. 2. p. 196. h Ibid. p. 201. i Hollinsh. p. 290. k Rymer, ibid. p. 248. l Claus. ann. 11 Edw. I. m. 10. m Hollinsh. p. 281. n Stowe, p. 202. o Claus. anno 11 Edw. I. m. 10. p Compun. term. 2nn. 12 Edw. I. Rot. 3.

having taken two English men of war, sailing by the Norman coast; as also sour others, sent by the King for the safe-guard of

row after the feast of St. Michael.

Bordeaux. And thereupon a had another summons to be at Portsmouth on Sept. I following, ready with horse and arms, and his whole service, to sail with the King into France. And on the same occasion, he had in that year orders to summon all abbots, priors, knights, and others within his bailiwick, who held in chief, or by Knight's service, or serjeantry, to be at Portsmouth on Sept. I next, with horse and arms, and their whole service, ready to go beyond sea. But after this he lived not long; for in 24 Edw. I. Sir Philip his son and heir, doing his homage, had livery of all his lands, whereof he died seized. He also lest two other sons, Sir John, of whom hereafter; and Robert.

Which Sir Philip, in 25 Edw. I. s attended the King in that expedition into Gascony, where the English were worsted, going to relieve Bellegard, besieged by the Earl of Artois. But before I treat further of him, I shall give some account of Ro-

bert, his third brother.

Which Robert d'Arci was also in 25 Edw. I. in that expedition into Gascony t; likewise that year, an insurrection beginning in Scotland, at the instigation of Sir William Wallace, on account of the Scots refusing to do homage, " he was then sent into those wars, in which the English forces suffered not a little. And in 27 Edw. I. being lord of the manors of Stallingburgh and Doneston in Com' Linc. y he had a grant of free warren in all his demesne lands there z. In 1306, 34 Edw. I. the King sending an army into Scotland, against Robert Bruce, who had caused himself, on Lady-day, to be crowned at Scone, this Robert d'Arci leaving the King there, without licence, a the sheriff of Lincolnshire had command to seize all his lands and possessions in that county b. But this breach of trust was afterwards forgiven; for in 4 Edw. II. c the custody of the castle and honour of Striguil d in Scotland, was committed to him. And in 15 Fdw. II. he was made governor of Sleford castle in Lincolnshire, which for some reasons was then taken into the King's hands. Also in 18 Edw. II. he was constituted one of the arrayers in the parts of Lindsey in com' Linc. In I Edw. III. he had a c grant of free warren in all his demessive lands in Clipston in com' Northampt. and in Pachensham in com' Sussex s; and the next year obtained a patent of view of frank-pledge in his manor of Lethered (Leatherhead) in Surrey, to himself and Joan 8 his wife, and the heirs of their bodies. In 5 Edw. III. he had a grant of a mar-

B 4

q Rot. Vafcon. 22 Edw. I. m. 8. d. r. Rot. ibid. m. 7. d. s Rot. fin. 24 Edw. I. m. 16. t Rot. vaf. 25 Edw. I. m. 1. u Hollinfh. p. 303. x Rot. fcoc. 25 Edw. I. m. 1. y Hollinfh. p. 303. z Cart. 27 Edw. I. n. 30. c Pat. 4 Edw. II. p. 1. m. 21. e Rymer, vol. 4. p. 80. f Cart. 4 Edw. III. n. 42. g Cart. 2 Edw. III. n. 20.

ket every week on the Friday, with a fair yearly on Lammasday, at Lethered aforesaid h. This Robert d'Arci was one of the Knights in parliament for Lincolnshire, 12 Edw. II.

But now I return to Sir Philip, who, in 26 Edw. I. iwas fummoned to be at Carlisle on Whitsun-eve, with horse and arms, ready to march against the Scotch then in rebellion; and in 27 Edw. I. Sir Thomas his uncle dying without issue, k the manor of Scotelthorpe escheated to him as his next heir, being then forty years of age. In 31 Edw. I. he i was with the Lord Segrave, and others, in that expedition into Scotland, where the English, master a sharp and doubtful fight for a time, were overcome, and the said Lord taken; who (as my author says) had more courage than foresight. In 34 Edw. I. the King having an intention to make Edward Prince of Wales, his fourth son (but then the only surviving one by his first Queen) a Knight, in summoned this Sir Philip to be at Westminster on the morrow of the Holy Trinity, to six with other counsellors the aid to be granted for that purpose.

In 4 Edw. II. ° he was in the wars of Scotland; and in 5 Edw. II. doing his homage, as cousin and heir to Roger Bertram of Mitford in Com' Northumb. had livery of such lands as on that account descended to him. And having been, in 1312, concerned in the apprehending and murder of Piers de Gaveston, Earl of Cornwal, he Phad with Thomas Earl of Lancaster, and others, in 1314, 7 Edw. II. his pardon on that

account, or of any other misdeed whatever.

The same year he q was in Scotland with the King, who with a great power intending to raise the siege of Strivelling (Stirling) castle, ta bloody battle ensued, June 24, wherein the English were vanquish'd, and many stain and taken prifoners.

The year after, & Edw. II. * he was again in the wars of Scotland; as also in 9 Edw. II. in which year arrived in England two cardinals *, who brought bulls from the pope, to excommunicate the Scots, if they refused agreeing to a treaty of peace with England. What I have found further of him is, that he was "one of those who were with Thomas Plantagenet, Earl of Lancaster, in the insurrection made in the North, in 15 Edw. II. But on security given for his suture loyalty, and good behaviour, had the year following restitution of his lands, which had been seized by the King for that transgression. He had

h Cart. 5 Edw. III. n. 47. i Rymer's fæd. vol. 2, p. 829. k Efc. 27 Edw. I. n. 12. l Rot. fcot. 31 Edw. I. m. 12. m Hollinsh. p. 311. n Rymer, vol. 2. p. 987. o Rot. fcoc. 4 Edw. II. m. 3. p Rymer's fæd. vol. 3. p. 442, 447, & feq. g Rot. fcoc. 7 Edw. II. m. 3. r Stow's annals, p. 215. s Rot. fcoc. 8 Edw. II. m. 9. t Stow, p. 218. u Hollinsh. p. 125.

fummons to parliament x among the Barons, from the 25th to

the 34th of Edw. I. inclusive.

He had iffue by Eleanor his wife three fons, 1. Norman, 2. Robert, and, 3. John; whereof the two last died without iffue male.

Norman d'Arcy, his eldest son and heir, was in the wars of Scotland, y in 7 and 9 Edw. II. and adhering to Thomas Earl of Lancaster, had his lands in Kalkwell seized, z but was af-

terwards restored to his estate.

In 12 Edw III. he * was with the King in that descent then made into Flanders, b likewise in the following year; and died on March 25, 1340, 14 Edw. III. cleaving iffue, by Isabel his wife, Philip his son and heir, ten years of age, d who dying in 24 Edw. III. Sir Philip de Limbury, Knt. son of Julian, the eldest of the two sisters and coheirs to the said Norman, and Agnes (the wife of Sir Roger de Pedwardine, of Burton-Pedwardine in Lincolnshire, Knt.) the other sister and coheir, were found his heirs; Sir Philip de Limbury being then (viz. in 24 Edw. III.) thirty years of age, and Agnes sisty.

Thus the male line failing, I am now come to Sir John, fecond brother to Philip, father of the last mentioned Norman

d'Arci.

Which Sir John (frequently stiled of Park, as owner of Conyngsby-park) was of great courage and eminent abilities, as evident by the many offices he bore in the reigns of Edw. I. II. and III. In : 25 Edw. I. he was in that f expedition made into Scotland against & Wallace, h and his adherents then in arms. Also in 31 Edw. I. when Sir John Segrave Knt. was fent thither with an army, the Scots being in arms, on account i of the truce expiring on All-faints day. And k in 1306, 34 Edw. I. he was again there on Robert Bruce's 1 affuming the fovereignty, and causing himself to be solemnly crown'd on March 25, at the abbey of Scone, by the bishops of St. Andrew's and Glasgow. In 3 Edw. II. " he was likewise there when the King fortified Berwick with a strong wall and deep ditch, and thence with his army march'd into Scotland to feek his adverfary Robert Bruce, who " refusing him battle, the King came back to Berwick. In 1313, 6 Edw. II. (May 3.) he had o the King's protection to hold in force till Aug. 1 following; he at

5

y Rot. fcot. 7 Edw. II. m. 3. & 9 Edw. II. x Clauf. 16 Edw. II. m. 15. z Clauf. 16 Edw. II. m. 23. a Rot. aleman, 12 Edw. III. p. 1. m.6. m. 3. b Rot. alem. 13 Edw. III. m. 19. c Esc. 15 Edw. d Esc. 24 Edw. III. n. 100. Line. e Rot. scot. 25 Edw. I. m. 1. c Efc. 15 Edw. III. n. 21. f Stow. p. 207. g Rot. fcot. 31 Edw. I, m. 6. h Hollinsh. p. 311. i Rot. k Stow, p. 209. p. Hollinfa. p. 321. l Hollinsh. p. 320. fcot. 4 Edw. I. m. 13. a Rymer's fæd, tom. 3. p. fcot. 3 Edw. II. m. 5. 406.

that time being pappointed to go with the King and Queen into France, to the coronation of Lewis X. fon of Philip IV. King of France and Navarre; and the same year q was commissioned to treat at Newcassle with Sir Robert de Loweden, Knt. and others, deputed by the Scots, on such matters as should be offer'd by them.

In 7 Édw. II. having been concern'd, with Thomas Earl of Lancaster, in the death of Piers Gaviston, r he had a pardon of all manner of accusations on that account.

In 7 Edw. II. Robert Bruce having recover'd the greatest part of Scotland, and won from the English those castles they held there, and conquer'd those Scots which were in the English fervice; the King, to be reveng'd on them, marched with a powerful army, and entering Scotland, this John Lord Darcy was then with him, and meeting with the enemy near Bannockburn, were entirely defeated on June 24, King Edward himself hardly escaping. Robert Paston, a Carmelite friar. being prefent, he in heroical verse sadly bewails the forrowful disafter. The first night (saith he) the English bathed themfelves in wine, with other rioting far above meafure; whereas the Scots lay close and quiet, fasting the evening before the battle, and had made trenches three feet deep, and the like in breadth, from the right wing of their army to the left, covering them with turf and grass laid on twigs, not of strength to bear horsemen, so that the English horse, advancing thereon, founder'd in the trenches, which occasioned the loss of the battle.

In 10 Edw. II. the King stiles him I John d'Arci, le cosyn, appointing him governor of the castle of Norhan in Northumberland; and in 13 Edw. II. he was sheriff of the Counties of Derby and Nottingham; as also in 14 and 15 of that King's reign; and sheriff of Lancashire in 16 Edw. II. In 17 Edw. II. In 18 he was constituted lord justice of Ireland, and arrived at Dublin, February 2. During his abode in that kingdom, excellent ordinances, for the government thereof, were assented to by the King and his council, which are at large in Prynne's animadversions on the sourch institutes; and the annals of those times make no mention of any disturbance there during that reign, other than was occasion'd by private murders. In 18 Edw. II. being then in that kingdom, he had commands, from the King, to seize, in his jurisdiction, all persons of Agenois, Pierregort, Xaintonge, and

p Hollinsh, p. 321. q Rymer, vol. 4. p. 535. r Hollinsh, p. 322. e Rot. scot. 8 Edw. II. m. 2. t Stow's annals, p. 316. u Pat. 2 Edw. II. p. 2. m. 29. x Fuller's worthies in com' Derb. p. 241. y Rot. sn. 46 Edw. II. m. 13. 2 Pat. 17 Edw. II. p. 1. m. 4. a Borlace's reduct. of Ireland, p. 45.

other places, then in rebellion against the King, and them safe to keep with their goods and effects, and to certify their

names, goods, &c. in writing.

In 20 Edw. II. when the King, for the defence of his kingdom against the invasion of foreigners, and others, who adhered to Queen Isabel and Prince Edward, ordered in council, that all ships of or above the burden of thirty ton, from the mouth of the Thames riding northward, should be at Orewell in Suffolk, on St. Matthew's-day, well arm'd, double mann'd, and a month's provision on board each vessel; he appointed this John Darcy (then call'd the uncle) to see that the royal mandate be duly executed in the ports and towns of Saltsletby,

Waynfleet, and Grymsby, in Lincolnshire.

In 1327, I Edw. III. he was some part of it sheriff of Yorkfhire; and was that year again fent lord justice into Ireland; c and the same year, having the title of John d'Arci le frere, obtained a grant of free warren in all his demesne lands in Conyngsby-park, Flixborough, and Winterton, in Com' Lincoln; also the next year in those at Wranby in that county. In 2 Edw. III. being called John d'Arci le neveu, he had e an affignation of certain sums of money due to him for his fervices in Ireland the preceding year; also for other fervices during his abode in Yorkshire, in October, November, and December, that year, for the defence of those parts. August 21, the same year, f he was made justice of Ireland, and governor of that country; also had his patent renew'd, in the year g following; in which time Macoghegan of Meath, and other Irish men of Leinster, broke out into rebellion; h yet this common calamity could not unite the English, altho taught by experience, that they never suffered any great damage but from civil diffentions among themselves. And the enemy, thro' the many small victories they obtained, so weakened the English, that the lord justice was obliged to invite Maurice (afterwards Earl of Defmond) to take the field, which he did with success, with an army of near ten thousand. That year the king ordered him to pay to William Earl of Juliers 3001. due at Michaelmas, in part of 6001. per ann. granted in fee to him; and in confideration of his many good fervices. had from the King a grant of k the manor of Werk in Tindale in Com' Northumb.

In 4 Edw. III. he was I fent by the King into Aquitain, to treat about certain affairs relating to that dutchy, and with

b Rymer's fæd. tom 4. p. 225, & feq. c Orig. 1 Edw. III. Rot. 11. d Cart. 1 Edw. III. n. 24. e Clauf. 2 Edw. III. m. 15. f Pat. 2 Edw. III. p. 1. m. 24. g Pat. 3 Edw. III. p. 1. m. 28. h Cox's hift. Ireland, p. 108. i Ibid. p. 109. k Cart. 3 Edw. III. n. 40. l Rymer, vol. 4. p. 432-any

any persons who were willing to serve the King for life, or term of years, at such wages as should be agreed on. And me the same year obtained a charter for a market every week on the Saturday; as also a fair yearly on the eve and day of St. Barnabas the apostle, and four days following, at his manor of Knaith in Com' Linc. and free warren in all his demesse lands at Kettesby and Upton in the same county. This year also he was in Guienne, when the King gave him to understand, that the French would no longer abide by the treaty; and in case they should bring forces to take possession of that province, he had orders to oppose them; and to promise the people there, that for the damages they should sustain, reparation should be made.

In 1331, 5 Edw. III. July 15, ° he with Sir William Truffel, Knt. were sent ambassadors to Philip VI. King of France, to treat about a marriage between Edward Prince of Wales, and the daughter of the said King of France, in order to prevent a war; but it had no effect. In 6 Edw. III. he p with William de Denum were commissioned to treat at Newcastle with Sir Robert de Loweden Knt. and others, deputed by the Scotch,

on fuch matters as then shall be offered by them.

In 7 Edw. III. being still justice of Ireland, he left Aquitain to revenge 4 the death of William de Burgh, Earl of Ulster, who had been flain by the Irish; and on his landing in that nation, call'd a parliament, by whose advice he went by sea to Carigfergus, on July 1, and by help of the country people. he destroyed the murderers and their abettors. After which. he appointed Sir Thomas Burgh his deputy, as lieutenant of Ireland, and made directly for Scotland; whither, as Barnes in his history of Edw. III. observes, he came just in time to give a specimen both of his loyalty and valour. The King of England was then return'd to the fiege before Berwick, with a resolution not to stir, till he had taken the place, or that David King of Scotland should raise the siege by a battle. And at this juncture of the Lord Darcy's arrival, the Scots having muster'd a confiderable army, resolved to force King Edward to retire; whereupon the memorable battle of Hallidown near Berwick enfued June 8, 1333, wherein the Scots are faid to have loft 8 Earls, 90 Knights, 400 Efquires, and 35000 common foldiers, according to our historians; but their own writers mention only 14000 to be flain. In this engagement, the Lord John Darcy, with his Irish troops on the one side, made a great flaughter; while the King with a choice brigade of men

m Pat. 4 Edw. III. p. 1, m. 17. n Rymer, tom. 4. p. 450. o Pat. 5 Edw. III. p. 2. m. 28. p Rymer, tom. 4. p. 53. q MS. in bibl. bodl. Oxon de Rebus hibernicis, tom. 3.

of arms, and archers on horseback, so encompassed them on the other fide, that very few could escape, except those who

first of all began the flight.

On this victory King Edward entered into Berwick with great folemnity, and advanced Edward Baliol to the crown of Scotland; and then the Lord John Darcy, as is observed, having obtained much honour in this war, return'd now with all his forces to his province of Ireland, where all along he exercifed much wisdom and integrity in that his government; and upon his return, presently deliver'd Walter Bermingham, primate of Armagh, out of the castle of Dublin.

In a Edw. III. continuing still Justice of Ireland, he again failed into Scotland, with fix and thirty ships, the chief of the Irish nobles accompanying him; and having wasted the isles of Arran and Bute, return'd with great prey and glory. For which memorable fervices, Edward III. t granted to him the manors of Louth and Ballionany, in Ireland, which Simon Earl of Eue had forfeited by adhering to the French King; as also to him, and to Joan, then his wife, and to the heirs-male of their two bodies lawfully begotten, the manors of Rathwer

and Kildalk lying in that realm.

In 11 Edw. III. he with others " were commissioned by the King, to declare to the people in the counties of Nottingham and Derby, certain matters contain'd in a schedule sent to them: and in that year, being * steward of the King's houfhold, he was sent ambassador (together with William de Bohun Earl of Northampton, and Robert de Ufford Earl of Suffolk) into Scotland, to treat of peace with David de Brus, who then affumed there the title of King. After which, he was also fent y amhassador into France (with those Earls) to treat with Philip VI. King of France, or his commissioners, touching the right of King Edward to the crown of that realm =. But being arrived at Boulogne, they there received command from the King not to proceed, conceiving their journey might be hazardous, and expose them to the fury of a passionate Prince, who had before threatened the negociators with death, if ever they came again; when, before his coronation, they were pleading the King of England's right to that crown in the chamber of France. Whereupon they had another commisfion a to treat with Lewis Earl of Flanders, about a marriage between the faid Earl's eldest Son, and Joan the King's second daughter: Also by b another, to settle with the said Earl and

r Barnes's hift. Ed. III. p. 80. s MS. in bibl. bodl. Oxon, tom. 3. f. 99. & tom. 4. p. 64. t Pat. 18 Edw. III. p. 2. m. 3. per inspect. tcm. 4. p. 205. x Rot. scot. 1 Edw. III, p. 15. z Rymer, tom. 4. p. 814. y Barnes's hift. Edw. x Rot. scot. 11 Edw. III. m. 7. b Ibid. p. 815, 816. a Ibid.