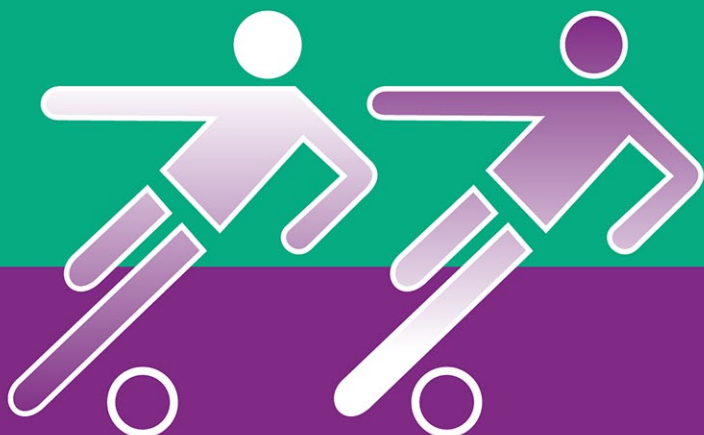


SOCCER

У Ч Е Б Н О Е П О С О Б И Е

ФУТБОЛ



С П О Р Т

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*Одобрено и утверждено научно-методическим советом
МГАФК в качестве учебного пособия*

Soccer. Футбол: учебное пособие по английскому языку для
Г53 студентов вузов физической культуры, обучающихся по на-
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В учебном пособии в доступной форме предлагается знакомство с лексикой из-
бранного вида спорта, предлагается большое количество лексико-грамматических,
переводческих упражнений и заданий для самоконтроля.

Учебное пособие по английскому языку предназначено для студентов вузов
физической культуры, а также аспирантов и магистрантов.

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ФОНЕТИЧЕСКАЯ ЗАРЯДКА

Произнесите стихотворение запоминая особенности произношения слов, мелодику фраз:

I Hear the rain In Spain
Falls mainly on the Plain
The Snow in Canada, I've Found
Drops mainly on the Ground
I hear the Lakes Freeze Over
But no were near Dover
And the wind blows Free
Anywhere you might Be
I hear the sounds that everyone Hears
At the football ground when everyone Cheers
But I do not hear the sound of the Moon
Ahhh but the calm waters of a Blue Lagoon

РАБОТА С ПРЕЦИЗИОННОЙ ЛЕКСИКОЙ

Прослушайте, запишите и воспроизведите устно следующие числительные и номера телефонов:

84, 5724, 98798, 76, 654, 3748, 78, 8, 4530, 45.3, 496.30, 94, 763, 94, 79, 46, 63, 29, 74, 84, 63, 57, 67, 9386, 5093, 640, 87, 509, 960, 456, 0256, 975-69-87, 967-50-93-86, 961-43-67-91

Прослушайте и воспроизведите устно следующие географические названия:

England, Wales, Ireland, Spain, Russia, the United States, the United Kingdom, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Brazil, Austria, Greece, Sweden, Argentina, Uruguay, Egypt, Belgium, Romania, Yugoslavia
Прослушайте, запишите и воспроизведите устно названия месяцев и дней недель. См. Ключи стр.111:

январь – January [ˈdʒʌnju(ə)rɪ]
февраль – February [ˈfebru(ə)rɪ]
март – March [mɑːtʃ]

Понедельник – Monday
Вторник (Tuesday)
Среда (Wednesday)

апрель – April [‘eɪpr(ə)l]
май – May [meɪ]
июнь – June [dʒu:n]
июль – July [dʒu’laɪ]
август – August [‘ɔ:gəst]
сентябрь – September [sep’tembə]
октябрь – October [ɔk’təubə]
ноябрь – November [nəu’veimbə]
декабрь – December [di’sembə]

Четверг (Thursday)
Пятница (Friday)
Суббота (Saturday)
Воскресенье (Sunday)

СЛОВАРЬ-МИНИМУМ К ТЕКСТУ

Прочитайте и выучите новые слова:

Century – век
similar – аналогичный
evidence – доказательства
widely – широко
draw up – составить
influential – влиятельный
subsequent codes – последовательный коды
adopt – принять
efforts – усилия
comprehensive – комплексный
absorbing – поглощающий
instigation – подстрекательство
contain – содержать
determine – определить
membership – членство
amateur – любитель
survey – соцопрос
audience – аудитория
in accordance with – в соответствии с
circumference – окружность
field – поле
a goal – гол
score – счет
responsibility – ответственность
mandate – диктовать, решать
Laws of the Game – правила игры

the coin toss – жеребьевка
 allow – позволять
 penalty area – штрафная площадка
 outfield – отдаленное место
 strike – атака, удар
 a draw – ничья
 competition – соревнование
 grow up – расти
 chase the ball – гонять мяч
 the group environment – среда группы
 further develop – дальнейшее развитие
 skills – навыки
 extremely – чрезвычайно
 join – присоединиться
 depends on – зависит от
 health – здоровье
 enduring – терпеливый
 train – тренироваться
 shape – форма
 will-power – сила воли

РАБОТА СО СЛОВАРЕМ

СЛОВООБРАЗОВАНИЕ

Упражнение 1. Образуйте существительные из глаголов с помощью суффиксов и напишите свои примеры

-ing To build Building	to turn to skate to dance to jump	
-al To arrive Arrival	to remove to refuse	
-ion/sion To decide Decision	to permit to confuse to obsess	
-ence/ance To accept Acceptance	to enter to endure	
-ery To brew Brewery	snob to bake	

-ment To agree Agreement	to measure to treat to manage to engage	
-ure To depart Departure	to press to fail	
-age To pass Passage	to assemble to break to bag	
-or/er To work Worker	to research to time to catch	
-ent/ant To oxidize Oxidant	to serve to study to account	
-able To move Movable	to break to report	

Упражнение 2 Ознакомьтесь с таблицей и напишите свои примеры:

Новые Compound Nouns появляются очень часто. В таблице ниже рассмотрены способы их образования с примерами.

Часть речи		Часть речи	Пример	Предложение-пример	Свои примеры
Noun	+	Noun	basketball	Will we play basketball tomorrow?	
Adjective	+	Noun	blackboard	Pupils have to clean blackboard after classes.	
Noun	+	Adjective	truckful	To build the garage we need 15 truckfuls of bricks.	
Verb	+	Noun	Swimming pool	He goes to the swimming pool every Saturday.	
Noun	+	Verb	sunrise	They liked to watch the sunrise.	

Verb	+	Preposition	check-out	Residents' check-out is at noon.	
Preposition	+	Noun	underworld	The police is trying to fight against the underworld.	
Noun	+	Prepositional Phrase	father-in-law	His father-in-law lives abroad.	

ТЕКСТ «FOOTBALL IS MY SPECIALITY»

Упражнение 3. Прочитайте и выполните абзацно-фразовый перевод:

The earliest known football-type game in Europe was Phaininda, an ancient Greek game that was first recorded in the fourth century BCE by Antiphanes (c.408 to 334 BCE). Phaininda was similar to the Greek game Episkyros. According to FIFA the competitive game cuju is the earliest form of football for which there is scientific evidence.

Association football in itself does not have a classical history. The modern rules of association football are based on the mid-19th century efforts to standardise the widely varying forms of football played in the public schools of England. The history of football in England dates back to at least the eighth century AD.

The Cambridge Rules, first drawn up at Cambridge University in 1848, were particularly influential in the development of subsequent codes, including association football but they were not universally adopted.

The efforts contributed to the formation of The Football Association (The FA) in 1863, which first met on the morning of 26 October 1863 at the Freemasons' Tavern in Great Queen Street, London. The only school to be represented on this occasion was Charterhouse. The Freemason's Tavern was the setting for five more meetings between October and December, which eventually produced the first comprehensive set of rules.

The Sheffield FA played by its own rules until the 1870s with the FA absorbing some of its rules until there was little difference between the games.

The world's oldest football competition is the FA Cup, which was founded by C. W. Alcock and has been contested by English teams since 1872. The first official international football match also took place in 1872, between Scotland and England in Glasgow, again at the instigation of C. W. Alcock. England is also home to the world's first football league, which was founded in Birmingham in 1888 by Aston Villa director William McGregor. The original format contained

12 clubs from the Midlands and Northern England. The laws of the game are determined by the International Football Association Board (IFAB). The Board was formed in 1886.

FIFA was founded in 1904 to oversee international competition among the national associations of Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland. Headquartered in Zürich, membership now comprises 209 national associations. Member countries must each also be members of one of the six regional confederations into which the world is divided: Africa, Asia, Europe, North & Central America and the Caribbean, Oceania and South America. Now FIFA organizes a World Cup every four years.

Today, football is played at a professional level all over the world. Millions of people regularly go to football stadiums to follow their favourite teams, while billions more watch the game on television or on the internet. A very large number of people also play football at an amateur level. According to a survey conducted by FIFA published in 2001, over 240 million people from more than 200 countries regularly play football. Football has the highest global television audience in sport.

Association football, more commonly known as football or soccer, is played in accordance with a set of rules known as the Laws of the Game. The game is played between two teams of eleven players with a spherical ball of 68.5–69.5 cm (27.0–27.4 in) circumference. It is played by 250 million players in over 200 countries, making it the world's most popular sport. The game is played on a rectangular field with a goal at each end. The object of the game is to score by getting the ball into the opposing goal.

Each team is led by a captain who has only one official responsibility as mandated by the Laws of the Game: to be involved in the coin toss prior to kick-off or penalty kicks.

The goalkeepers are the only players allowed to touch the ball with their hands or arms while it is in play and then only in their penalty area. Outfield players mostly use their feet to strike or pass the ball, but may use their head or torso to strike the ball instead. The team that scores the most goals by the end of the match wins. If the score is level at the end of the game, either a draw is declared or the game goes into extra time and/or a penalty shootout depending on the format of the competition.

My favorite kind of sports is football. When I was small, I was crazy about watching the football matches on TV. Then I had grown up, I became to chase the ball. I have learned the basic elements of football in the group environment. I joined a football club and began to further develop those skills by working with a team.

Football – is an active game and became extremely popular in Russia. The Victory of the team depends on the play of each player. This game hardens the health, brings up the will, the feeling of friendship.

It helps us to become strong and enduring. I know, to become a real football–player, you have to train a lot, to have a good shape and will– power.